

## Berman Capital Management & Research

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#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*SAVE THE DATE\*\*\*\*\*\*

Wednesday - October 22, 2014

This year we are celebrating our 30th year in business. As a thank you to our clients, we will be hosting a dinner on 10/22/2014. Our special guest speaker will be Charles de Vaulx - Partner, Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager of IVA Funds. Charles will be at the dinner in person.

Invitations to this special event will be sent out in September with information on location, time and RSVP process.

Have a great summer!

Ted C. Berman

#### June 2014

15 Facts about Social Security

Some Things to Consider about Gifts to Children

Personal Finance Tips for New Graduates

My parents can't manage alone anymore. What should I do?

#### Security,\* it's likely that this program will play a role in your financial future, perhaps even sooner than you think. Here are some facts and statistics from the Social

Security Administration that highlight why Social Security is important to so many people.

#### **Retirement benefits**

The Social Security program began in 1935 as a way to protect individuals against economic hardship. Over the years, Social Security has grown to include several other types of benefits, but Social Security is still synonymous with retirement.

Did you know that ...

- Approximately 70% of Social Security benefits are paid to retirees and their dependents\*\*
- 73% of workers elect to receive reduced benefits early, before their full retirement age\*
- The average monthly retirement benefit is \$1,262\*\*
- The maximum monthly retirement benefit payable in 2014 is \$2,642 for someone retiring at full retirement age\*\*\*

#### Survivors benefits

Upon your death, your surviving spouse, ex-spouse, children, or dependent parents may be eligible to receive benefits based on your earnings record. These benefits can be a valuable source of income when your family needs it the most.

Did you know that ...

- Survivors of deceased workers account for about 11% of Social Security benefits paid\*\*
- About 96% of persons aged 20 to 49 have survivors protection for their children under 18 and for their surviving spouse who cares for those children\*\*\*\*

• The average monthly family benefit is approximately \$2,561 for a widowed mother or father and two children\*

#### **Disability benefits**

**Berman Capital Management News** 

Financial & Investment Insights

15 Facts about Social Security It's easy to take Social • The av

with 94% of the U.S.

Security for granted when

retirement is years away, but

workforce covered by Social

Disability benefits from Social Security can help protect you and family members that rely on you for financial support in the event that due to sickness or injury you're unable to work and earn a living.

Did you know that ...

- Disabled workers and their dependents account for 19% of Social Security benefits paid\*\*
- Approximately 90% of workers age 21 to 64 and their families are protected against long-term disability\*\*\*\*
- The average age of a worker receiving disability benefits is 53.2\*\*
- The average monthly benefit for a disabled worker is \$1,130\*\*

#### Other facts

Here are some other facts about Social Security that you may not know:

- 55% of adult Social Security beneficiaries are women\*\*
- More than 3.4 million children under age 18 and students age 18 to 19 receive Social Security benefits\*\*
- Social Security provides at least half of total retirement income for 74% of nonmarried beneficiaries age 65 or older\*\*

All of the following source publications can be found on the Social Security Administration's website, <u>www.ssa.gov.</u>

\*Annual Statistical Supplement, 2013, published February 2014

\*\*Fast Facts & Figures About Social Security, 2013, published July 2013

\*\*\*Fact Sheet: 2014 Social Security Changes, published October 2013

\*\*\*\*Social Security Basic Facts, published July 2013







If you have property that would produce a loss if sold, you should consider selling the property, claiming the loss, and transferring the proceeds to the child, rather than transferring the property to the child who would not be able to claim the loss.

## Some Things to Consider about Gifts to Children

If you make significant gifts to your children or someone else's children, or if someone else makes gifts to your children, there are a number of things for you to consider.

#### Transfers that are not taxable gifts

There are a variety of ways for you to make transfers to children that are not treated as taxable gifts for gift tax purposes. Filing a gift tax return is generally required if you make gifts (other than qualified transfers) totaling more than \$14,000 to an individual during the year.

- Providing support. When you provide support to a child, it should not be treated as a taxable gift if you have an obligation to provide support under state law. This may provide a large umbrella for parents of minor children, college-age children, boomerang children, and special needs children.
- Annual exclusion gifts. You can generally make gifts of up to \$14,000 per child gift tax free each year. If you split gifts with your spouse, the amount is effectively increased to \$28,000. In the case of a gift to a qualified tuition program (529 plan) for a child, the annual exclusion can be effectively increased to five times the above amounts (i.e., to \$70,000, or \$140,000 if you split gifts with your spouse).
- Qualified transfers for medical expenses. You can make unlimited gifts for medical care gift tax free, provided the gift is made directly to the medical care provider.
- Qualified transfers for educational expenses. You can make unlimited gifts for tuition gift tax free, provided the gift is made directly to the educational provider.

The same exceptions for transfers that are not taxable gifts generally apply for purposes of the generation-skipping transfer (GST) tax. The GST tax is a separate tax that generally applies when you transfer property to someone who is two or more generations younger than you, such as a grandchild.

#### Income tax issues

A gift is not taxable income to the person receiving the gift. However, when you make a gift to a child, there may be several income tax issues regarding income produced by the property or from sale of the property.

- Income for support. Income from property owned by your children will be taxed to you if used to fulfill your obligation to provide support.
- **Kiddie tax.** Children subject to the kiddie tax are generally taxed at their parents' tax rate

on any unearned income over a certain amount. For 2014, this amount is \$2,000 (the first \$1,000 is tax free and the next \$1,000 is taxed at the child's rate). The kiddie tax rules apply to: (1) those under age 18, (2) those age 18 whose earned income doesn't exceed one-half of their support, and (3) those ages 19 to 23 who are full-time students and whose earned income doesn't exceed one-half of their support. If the child's income would be taxed at the parents' high tax rates, it may make sense to invest in ways that can produce nontaxable income (e.g., tax-exempt bonds) or defer taxation (e.g., Series EE bonds) until after the kiddie tax period.

Basis. When you make a gift, the person receiving the gift generally takes an income tax basis equal to your basis in the gift. (This is often referred to as a "carryover" or "transferred" basis.) The carried-over basis is increased--but not above fair market value (FMV)--by any gift tax paid that is attributable to appreciation in value of the gift (appreciation is equal to the excess of FMV over your basis in the gift immediately before the gift). The income tax basis is generally used to determine the amount of taxable gain if the child then sells the property. However, for purpose of determining loss on a subsequent sale, the carried-over basis cannot exceed the FMV of the property at the time of the gift.

#### Gifts to minors

Outright gifts should generally be avoided for any significant gifts to minors. In that case, you may wish to consider a custodial gift or a trust for a minor.

- Custodial gifts. Gifts can be made to a custodial account for the minor under your state's version of the Uniform Gifts/Transfers to Minors Acts. The custodian holds the property for the benefit of the minor, generally until an age (often 21) specified by state statute. Generally, any adult or trust company can be the custodian, but check state law.
- **Trust for minor.** A Section 2503(c) trust is a trust specifically designed to obtain the gift tax annual exclusion for gifts to a minor. Principal and income can be distributed to the minor before age 21, but there is no requirement of any distribution to the minor before age 21. The minor does generally gain access to undistributed income and principal at age 21.

Consult a tax professional for more information about your specific situation.





Tips for paying off student loans:

- To make your payment schedule easier, consider consolidating or refinancing your student loans
- To shorten the overall repayment term and save on interest charges, try to divert extra funds toward monthly principal prepayment
- If you are having trouble paying your federal student loans, look into the government's Income-Based Repayment (IBR) plan

# **Personal Finance Tips for New Graduates**

You've marched along to *Pomp and Circumstance* and collected your diploma--now you're ready to finally head out on your own. Maybe you have student loans that you need to start paying back. Perhaps you're looking forward to making your first car purchase or starting a new job. Whatever your situation, you'll definitely have new financial challenges you'll need to address and financial goals that you'll want to accomplish during this stage in your life. Fortunately, there are some relatively simple steps you can take to get started on the right track with your personal finances.

#### Create a budget

An easy way to maintain control of your finances is to create a budget. Ideally, a budget will assist you in making sure that you are spending less than you earn.

In order to create a budget, you'll need to identify your current monthly income and expenses. Income includes your regular salary and wages, along with other types of income such as dividends and interest.

When it comes to identifying your expenses, it may be helpful to divide them into two categories: fixed and discretionary. Fixed expenses include things that are necessities, such as rent, transportation, and student loan payments. Discretionary expenses include things like entertainment, vacations, and hobbies. You'll want to include out-of-pattern expenses (e.g., holiday gifts, auto repair bills) in your budget as well.

The most important part of budgeting is sticking to it. To help you stay on track:

- Try to make budgeting a part of your daily routine
- Build the occasional reward into your budget (e.g., splurge on a latte at the local coffee shop or have dinner at a restaurant instead of cooking at home)
- Be sure to evaluate and monitor your budget regularly and adjust/make changes as needed

#### Make saving a priority

Whether it's setting enough aside on a regular basis to accumulate an emergency cash reserve or putting money into an employer-sponsored retirement plan, if your budget allows, you should make saving a priority. And being a young investor means that you have one powerful advantage over older generations--time. By making saving a priority early in your life, your money can have more time to potentially grow and take advantage of the value of compound interest. To make it even easier to save, you can arrange to have a portion of your paycheck/earnings directly deposited into a savings or investment account.

#### Get a handle on your debt situation

Whether it's debt from student loans or credit cards, it's important to avoid the financial pitfalls that sometimes go hand-in-hand with borrowing. In order to manage your debt situation properly:

- Keep track of loan balances and interest rates
- Develop a plan to manage your payments and avoid late fees
- Pay off high interest debt first or take advantage of debt consolidation/refinancing

# Understand the importance of having good credit

Credit reports affect so many different aspects of one's financial situation--from being able to obtain a car loan to being a prerequisite for employment. Having a good credit report will allow you to obtain credit when you need it, and often at a lower interest rate. As a result, it's important to establish and maintain a good credit history by avoiding late payments on existing loans and eliminating unpaid debts. Finally, it's important to monitor your credit report on a regular basis for possible errors.

#### Evaluate your insurance needs

As a younger individual, insurance is probably not the first thing that comes to mind when you think about your finances. However, having the right amount of insurance to protect yourself against possible losses is an important part of any financial plan. Your insurance needs will depend on your individual circumstances. For example, if you rent an apartment, you'll need to obtain renters insurance to protect against loss or damage to your personal property. If you own a car, you'll need to have appropriate coverage for that as well. You'll also want to evaluate your needs for other types of insurance (e.g., disability and life).

Finally, under the Affordable Care Act, everyone, regardless of age, must have qualifying health insurance or risk paying a possible penalty. If you don't have access to health insurance through your parent's health plan or an employer- or government-sponsored health plan, you may purchase an individual health plan through either the federal or a state-based health insurance Exchange Marketplace. You can visit <u>www.healthcare.gov</u> for more information.





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do? Are one or both of your parents having health problems, suffering mental lapses, or just slowing down

with age? Do you find they can't manage on their own anymore? If so, you'll want to consider the various living arrangements that are available to older individuals. Before you begin, however, you'll want to talk to your parents and siblings.

Sometimes the best option is to have your parents move in with (or closer to) you. That way, you avoid having to use your parents' assets (or your own) to pay for a nursing home or other facility. You won't have to worry about your parents potentially receiving inadequate care from strangers. And your parents will probably appreciate the gesture of love and self-sacrifice on your part. However, the cost of feeding, clothing, and caring for your parents can be high, especially if you're forced to give up a job to be home with your parents. And don't underestimate the emotional and psychological impact.

What if your parents' care is more than you can handle? You may then wish to consider some

What is an assisted-living

options available makes

defining the term difficult.

facility? The wide number of

one?

primarily serve senior citizens who need more

help than those who live in independent living

These facilities typically offer rental rooms or

primary focus is social, not medical, but some

do provide limited medical care. Other terms used to describe assisted-living arrangements

are board and care homes, rest homes, and

retirement communities (CCRCs), also called

other assisted-living facilities do not: long-term

nursing care and guaranteed lifetime services.

How do you choose an assisted-living facility?

beforehand. Some facilities are large, caring for

over a thousand people. Others are small, caring for fewer than five people. Consider

community residences. Continuing care

life care communities, fit loosely into this category as well, although they provide what

Definitely plan on touring the facility

apartments, housekeeping services, meals,

social activities, and transportation. Their

# My parents can't manage alone anymore. What should I

type of assisted-living arrangement. The broad term "assisted living" encompasses a range of facilities and services designed to help seniors who can't live independently. The assistance provided may be short- or long-term and may focus on social services, medical care, or some combination of the two. Depending on your parents' conditions and needs, one or more of the following assisted-living arrangements may be worth considering:

- Nursing homes
- Assisted-living communities
- · Continuing care retirement communities
- Alzheimer's/dementia care specialty facilities
- Retirement communities
- Active senior communities
- Home health care
- Hospice care
- Adult day-care services

And don't be afraid to talk to a social worker, your parents' physicians, or other professionals. They can offer you support, and recommend solutions that best meet your parents' needs.



communities.

## What is an assisted-living facility, and how do I choose

whether the facility meets your needs:

- Do you have enough privacy?
- · How much personal care is provided? What happens if you get sick?
- · Can you be asked to leave the facility if your physical or mental health deteriorates?
- · Is the facility licensed or unlicensed?
- · Who is in charge of health and safety?

And read the contract carefully--this may save you time and money later if any conflict over services or care arises.

As for the cost, a wide range of care is available at a wide range of prices. If you have long-term care insurance, check your policy. These contracts normally pay a specified dollar amount per day (typically \$40 to \$150) for certain skilled, intermediate, or custodial care in assisted-living facilities, for some specified period of time (usually two to five years). Medicare probably will not cover your expenses at these facilities, unless those expenses are health-care related and the facility is licensed to provide medical care.

